A6 to Manchester Airport Relief Road

TR1-12 – Spath Brook Twin Culvert Extension Preliminary Design Report Report No. 1007/704/156

August 2013





south east manchester multi modal strateg



PRELIMINARY DESIGN REPORT

Structure Name:Spath Brook Twin Culvert ExtensionStructure Number:TR1-12

Report No. 1007/704/156

Report Control Sheet

Version	Date	Status	Prepared By	Checked By	Approved By
P1	03/09/2013	Draft	J Watton	M Ellis	N Sheena
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Table of Contents:

1. Description of Site	. 4
2. Proposed Structure	. 4
3. Pedestrian Safety Fence	
4. Geotechnical Information	
5. Appearance	. 5
11	

Appendix A: Location Plans Appendix B: Proposed General Arrangement Drawing

1. Description of Site

The Spath Brook twin culvert extension is part of the A6 to Manchester Airport Relief Road (A6MARR) and is proposed to accommodate a path to give pedestrian, cyclist and equestrian access across Spath Brook, adjacent to the A555. The location of the proposed works is approximately 50m east of Spath Lane Accommodation Bridge over the A555.

There are a number residential properties about 200m north-east of the proposed extension and the surrounding area is woodland. An aerial location plan at 1:1250 scale is included in Appendix A.

2. Proposed Structure

The proposed structure will be a new in-situ reinforced concrete headwall, with scour protection at the base, and extensions to two existing 600mm diameter pipes, currently transferring Spath Brook beneath the A555. Granular material will then be used to backfill behind the proposed headwall in order to accommodate the proposed footpath. The Environment Agency will need to be contacted to ensure that they accept the proposal to extend the two existing culverts by approximately 2 metres. Refer to Drawing 1007/3D/DF7/A6-MA/TR1-12/701 and in Appendix B for further details.

3. Pedestrian Safety Fence

It is proposed to use timber parapets that shall be 1.1m above the adjacent footpath level and mounted to the top of the headwall and have a green PVC mesh infill. Steel parapets should not be required here as the footpath is set back from the edge of the headwall.

4. Geotechnical Information

The ground conditions in the vicinity of TR1-12 have been assessed using relevant geological maps (Stockport Sheet 98, Solid and Drift Scale 1:50,000) only as no ground investigation has been carried out at or within the vicinity of the proposed structure. Local ground investigation will be required for the final design stage.

The ground conditions indicated on the geological maps are drift deposits of Boulder Clay of Recent and Pleistocene age overlying Upper Mottled Sandstone of Permian and Triassic age which is part of the Sherwood Sandstone Group.

It is considered unlikely, based on the available information, that coal working will be encountered during the works.

The potential for chemical attack on buried concrete within the ground has not been assessed due to lack of available information. However, based on the past experience in similar material e.g., pyrites in coal measures and sulphates in superficial material derived from Mercia mudstone, aggressive ground conditions towards concrete/steel cannot be ruled out. It is recommended to undertaken sulphate testing in accordance with BRE Special Digest 1: 2005 (Concrete in aggressive ground condition).

There is no available information relating to the groundwater in the area available.

5. Appearance

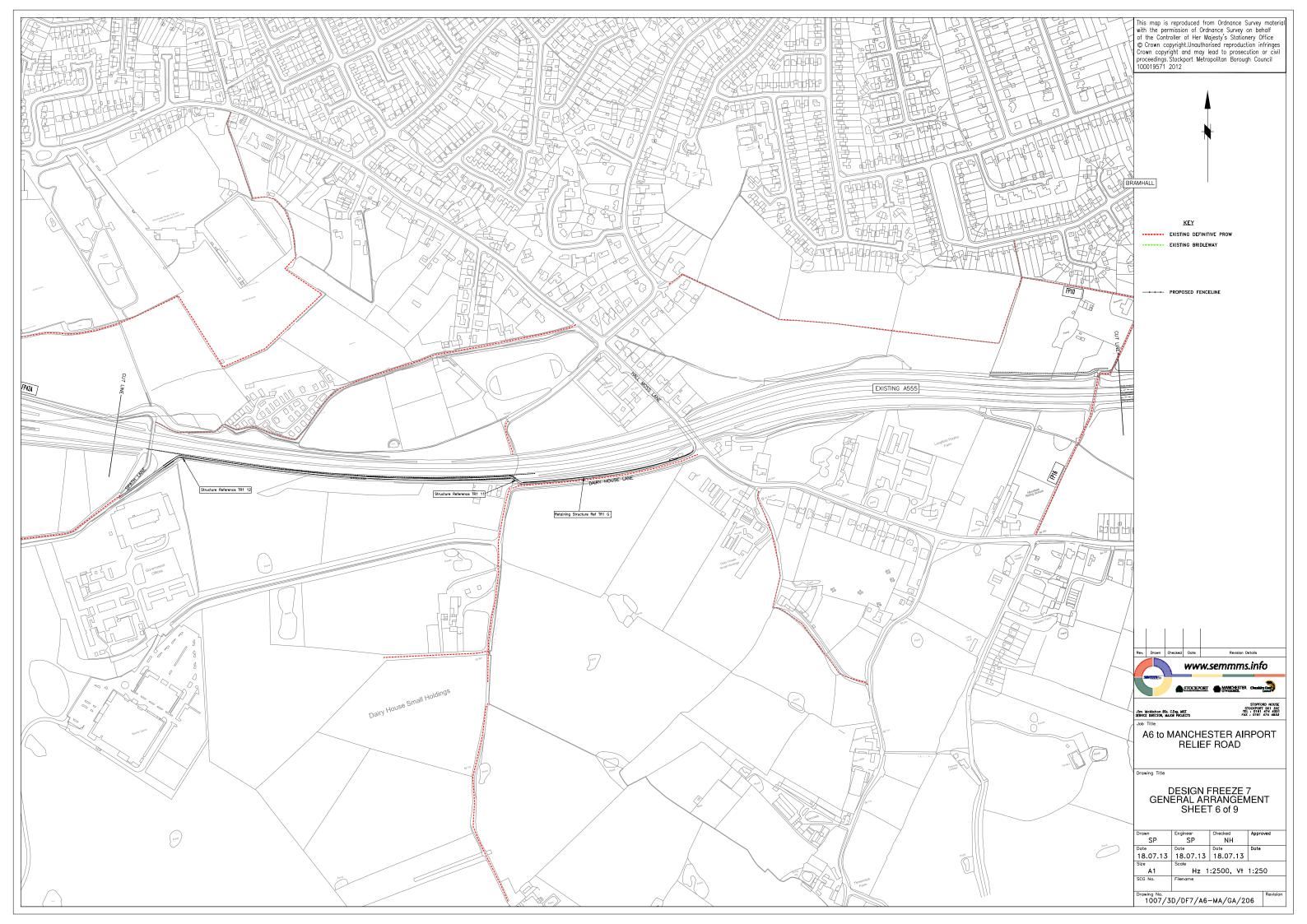
The proposed structure will not be visible on elevation. Timber parapets (post with 3 rails- open structure) to match the surrounding fences will be mounted on the top of the headwall and exposed faces of headwall is to be plain concrete.

Appendix A: Location Plans









Appendix B: Proposed General Arrangement Drawing

